

## User Operating Guide

Please read this guide thoroughly before operating the Training Dog Device

### Important safety information

#### ⚠ WARNING (Not for aggressive dogs)

Do not use this product if your dog is aggressive, or if your dog is prone to aggressive behavior.

Aggressive dogs can cause severe injury and even death to their owner and others.

If you are unsure whether this product is appropriate for your dog, please consult your veterinarian or certified trainer.

#### ⚠ CAUTION (Risk of skin damage)

Please read and follow the instructions in this manual. Proper fit of the collar is important because a loose collar may cause inconsistent performance.

A collar worn for too long or made too tight on the dog's neck may cause skin damage, ranging from redness to pressure ulcers (commonly known as bed sores).

These collars can cause pressure necrosis if used in correctly and is often misidentified as burns.

Avoid leaving the collar on the dog for more than 12 hours per day.

If possible reposition the collar on the pet's neck every 1 to 2 hours.

Check the fit to prevent excessive pressure, and it is okay to trim any excess strap length.

Never connect a lead to the electronic collar, because it may cause excessive pressure on the contacts.

Examine the contact area daily for signs of a rash or a sore.

Wash the dog's neck area and the contacts of the collar weekly with a damp cloth.

If a rash or sore is found, discontinue use of the collar until the skin has healed.

If the condition persists beyond 48 hours, see your veterinarian.

These steps will help your dog safe and comfortable. Millions of dogs are comfortable while they wear stainless steel contacts. Some dogs are sensitive to contact pressure. You may find after some time that your dog is very tolerant of the collar. If so, you may relax some of these precautions. It is important to continue daily checks of the contact area. If redness or sores are found, discontinue use until the skin has fully healed.

#### ⚠ Note:

If the transmitter and receiver collar don't work for a long time, you should charge it fully before keeping it idle, and charging it every one month.

#### Table of Contents

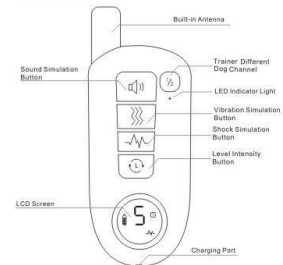
Overview	4
1. Pairing Collar Receiver to Transmitter	5
2. Test the Training Device Functions	6
3. Collar Fitting	8
4. The LED Indicator	8
Frequently Asked Questions	9
Troubleshooting Guide	10
Training Tips	11
Common size of different dogs	12

#### Main Features



### Overview

#### Remote Transmitter



#### Collar Receiver



### 1. Pairing Collar Receiver to Transmitter

Hold the on/off button of Collar Receiver for 3 seconds into Pairing status, you will hear 1st beep from the collar receiver and the led light will flashing 10 seconds

Click to turn on the collar receiver;  
Double-click to turn off the collar receiver

Press -> button on the transmitter to finish Pairing



You will hear 2nd "beep" from collar receiver, that means pairing is successfully.

If needs to pair a second collar receiver, follow the same steps but needs press 1/2 button change to different channel.

### 2. Test the Training Device Functions

#### Shock Simulation

Found the test light and put it over the Contact Points of the Collar Receiver.

Press L button to setting the intensity of 5

Press the Shock Simulation button on your Remote Transmitter

The test light should flash orange indicating the electronic pulse Simulation is operating correctly



### Vibration Simulation

Setting the intensity of 5  
Press the Vibration Simulation button on your Remote Transmitter

If done correctly, the Collar Receiver will vibrate



### Sound Simulation

Press the Sound Simulation button on your Remote Transmitter  
If done correctly, the Collar Receiver will vibrate

We suggest you can give the dog Vibration Simulation before following it with static Shock Simulation.

After training for a while using this method, dog will be aware that after vibration comes static shock.

Vibration will act as a warning, and static shock only acts as a menace that might be necessary sometimes.

### 3. Collar Fitting

The collar receiver should be fitted so that the contact points press firmly against the dog's skin. When properly fitted, you should be able to fit a finger or two snugly in between the contact points and your dog's skin.

When properly fitted, the collar receiver should not move on the dog. The best location for the collar receiver box is either side of the dog's windpipe.

A loose fit can allow the collar receiver to move around on the dog's neck. When this happens, the contact points may rub the skin and cause irritation. If the collar receiver is too tight, the dogs may have difficulty breathing.



If the TPU collar is too long for your dog, follow the line of back



### 4. The LED Indicator

The LED indicator shows up when any Simulation buttons are pressed or the transmitter is recharging.

It will turned off when the battery charged fully.

It will blink when it standby within 1 minute.

### Troubleshooting Guide

Battery icon: It's in the bottom right corner of LCD Screen, when the battery icon has only 1 bar. That means you need to recharge the transmitter.

When is charging, the battery icon will change from 1-5 bars. It will stop at 5 bars when it's fully charged.

Collar Receiver Indicator Light:  
It shows up when any of the Simulations are pressed on the transmitter or the battery charged fully.

It will blink when it standby within 5 minutes or the collar receiver is recharging.

It will flash quickly when it's into 10 seconds pairing status.

It will blink once when the battery power low. That means you need to recharge for collar receiver. (Standby is 3 second blink once)

#### Frequently Asked Questions

- How old does the dog have to be before using the device?  
Your dog should have learned basic obedience commands such as "Sit" or "Stay". The Collar Receiver might be too large for pets under 15 pounds.
- Once my dog completes training and is obeying my commands, will he have to wear the Receiver Collar?  
Probably not, but you may try to reinforce training with the Collar.
- Can I attach a leash to the Collar Receiver?  
NO. This can result in pulling the Contact Points too tightly against your dog's neck. Attach a leash to a separate, nonmetallic collar or harness. Ensure the extra collar does not put pressure on the Contact Points.
- How long can I leave Collar Receiver on my dog?  
The design of the collar discourages constant wearing. We recommend not having the dog wear the Collar for more than 12 hours out of every 24-hour period.
- How should I process my training session for my pet?  
Training sessions should be kept positive and short, it is better for about 10-15 minutes long each time.

### Troubleshooting Guide

- My dog is not reacting to the collar.  
Make sure the receiver/collar is turned on, and check the intensity levels of vibration and static shock. Please make sure it is not set to 0.  
Be sure the strap is on the dog tight enough so that both contact points are touching the dog's skin.  
The contact points may be too short for your dog's thick or long coat. If you are already using longer contact points, you may need to trim the hair on the dog's neck, so that both contact points are touching the dog's skin.  
The intensity level may be too low for dog. Increase the Simulation until the dog responds, usually by a neck movement, head shaking, or looking over the shoulders. The response may be very subtle. If tested for all of the above and the dog is still not responding, please try re-pairing the Remote Transmitter and Collar Receiver.
- I want to test Collar Receiver myself, but it does not work.  
When testing the collar by your hands, please touch the two electrodes simultaneously, as touching one electrode will not work.
- LED indicator light comes on, but I do not feel any Simulation.  
Your tolerance may be higher than your dog's. You may need to try the unit on your fingertips where sensitivity is higher and/or increase the Simulation level. Be sure both contact points are touching both of your fingertips.  
The battery may be low, check the LED indicator light on the transmitter and receiver/collar for battery life.
- Transmitter has no range, or the Simulation is weaker when my dog is farther away.  
Check to see if your fingers are touching the antenna, as the range may decrease substantially.  
The range indicated on the unit's box is for flat terrain (line of sight). Heavy brush, trees, hills, buildings, and/or moisture will affect the range of your unit. For the best range, hold the transmitter vertically above your head, and/or try moving to higher ground.

### Training Tips

- Make training sessions short and positive (between 10-15 minutes long for each session) This will enable the dog to keep its attention focused on the trainer.
- Train one dog at a time.
- During the first initial training sessions, keep the dog in a familiar outdoor environment. Training in new locations may cause the dog to become distracted, causing you to reinforce commands with the Collar Receiver more than necessary.
- Use a long leash fastened to a non-metallic collar to help the dog's learning. Ensure the additional collar and leash does not interfere with the Contact Points on the Collar Receiver.  
Do not use the remote training collar without a long leash until your dogs is fully trained.
- More success will occur by teaching the dog a command first before trying to reinforce the command with Remote Transmitter.
- For basic obedience training, vibration is more useful.
- Issue one obedience command at a time, this will reduce confusion and allow the dog to remain focused.  
Do not use the training device for commands that the dog has not learned.
- During training, look for all the positive changes in the dog's behavior and remember to reinforce them promptly with ample praise and reward.
- Avoid over-correcting your dog. Use as little remote correction as possible during the training process.
- When the dog has become apparently perplexed, shift the focus of the training by drawing the dog's attention to a command they have familiarity.

Example: Tell the dog to sit and give abundant praise and encouragement on successful completion of the sit command.

- Do not use the training dog device to correct or eliminate forms of aggression or biting behavior. When the dog is showing signs of aggressive behavior, immediately contact a professional dog trainer in your local area.
- Please keep in mind, that you should keep training sessions short and end every session on a high note. Stop training and play with the dog as soon the dog has accomplished a new level of proficiency.

#### Common size of different dogs

Size	Neck (cm)	Chest Measurement (cm)	Back Length (cm)	Type
Mini	20-22	25-30	19	Chihuahua, Yorkshire Terrier
Small	20-24	29-36	23	Chihuahua, Yorkshire Terrier, Poodle, Pomeranian
Medium	23-28	35-42	28	Maltese Dog, Shih Tzu
Medium	27-31	41-47	31	Miniature Schnauzer, Pekingese
Large	30-34	46-53	35	Schnauzer, English Cocker Spaniel
Large	33-37	52-59	40	Beagle
Huge	43-48	76-84	60	Husky
X-large	47-52	88-97	65	Labrador Retriever
XX-large	62-62	92-100	70	Golden Retriever, Old English Sheepdog

Frequency: 866MHz  
Transmitter: 3.7V 300ma LP  
Receiver: 3.7V 300ma LP

CE  
RoHS  
Made in China